

Cambridge IGCSE™

MUSIC		0410/12
Paper 1 Listening		May/June 2020
MARK SCHEME		
Maximum Mark: 70		
	Published	

Students did not sit exam papers in the June 2020 series due to the Covid-19 global pandemic.

This mark scheme is published to support teachers and students and should be read together with the question paper. It shows the requirements of the exam. The answer column of the mark scheme shows the proposed basis on which Examiners would award marks for this exam. Where appropriate, this column also provides the most likely acceptable alternative responses expected from students. Examiners usually review the mark scheme after they have seen student responses and update the mark scheme if appropriate. In the June series, Examiners were unable to consider the acceptability of alternative responses, as there were no student responses to consider.

Mark schemes should usually be read together with the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers. However, because students did not sit exam papers, there is no Principal Examiner Report for Teachers for the June 2020 series.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the June 2020 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™ and Cambridge International A & AS Level components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit
 is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme,
 referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these
 features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The
 meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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Question	Answer Ascending then descending arpeggio / Ascending 4 note motif / descending 3 note motif [1] Ostinato [1]			
1				
2	Soprano			
3	On an echoing road (line 1): The second voice imitates (echoes) the first voice [1] Trotting in unison (line 2): The voices sing in unison [1] and regular rhythm to represent trotting [1] Now out of step (line 3): ref. to staggered entry Now as one again (line 4): singing in harmony / same rhythm.			
4(a)	Twentieth Century.	1		
4(b)	Chromatic / angular melody writing [1]. Some dissonance [1]. Ostinato accompaniment [1]. Irregular metre / 7/8 [1] ambiguous tonality [1].			
5	Staccato or detached	1		
6	Bar 5 is monophonic / solo [1]. The (viola) then imitates the first violin melody in bar 6 [1] but otherwise it is homophonic [1]. There is a (cello) pedal [1]. Melody dominated homophony [1]			
7	The key changes [1]. A more legato melody / melody in longer notes is heard [1] but the accompaniment uses the rhythm from earlier (e.g. bar 20) [1] Melody is played in octaves [1] Answer must include similarities and differences for three marks.			
8	String quartet (accept string trio or quintet).	1		
9	Tchaikovsky	1		
10	It is played by percussion instruments (accept maximum 1 mark for a named instrument e.g. drums / shakers / balafon) [1]. They enter one by one [1] playing ostinato / repetitive rhythms [1] and creating polyrhythm [1]. Credit [1] for a description of the balafon part, e.g. 3 note repeated motif at first, followed by a higher melodic part.			
11(a)	Africa	1		
11(b)	Call and response [1]. A solo singer sings answered by a group [1]. The response is in parallel harmony [1].			
12(a)	Erhu			
12(b)	It is a bowed string instrument.			
13	Glissando Ostinato			
14(a)	China	1		
14(b)	Pentatonic scale [1]. 4/4 time [1].	1		

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Question	Answer		Marks
15	Repetitive / rhythmic accompaniment, accept rhythmic mode / Iqa' [1]. Heterophonic melody [1] using a mode/maqam / quarter-tones [1]. There are no chords / harmonies [1].		3
16(a)	Nay		
16(b)	Taqsim		1
17	A voice is added [1] improvising [1], using syllables such as 'ya', 'li', 'la', etc [1]. The music is unmetered / the riqq has stopped playing [1]. Instruments shadow the vocals [1].		2
18	Takht music is usually in suite form / several pieces [1]. The use of composed music [1], improvised taqsim [1] and layali sections [1] is typical.		
19	Private homes / courts / palaces		1
20	Allegro / Allegretto/ Vivace		1
21	Oboe		1
22	Entirely or almost completely correct A reasonable attempt but with too many errors for full marks A few correct notes OR general shape reproduced Little melodic accuracy	3 2 1 0	3
23	(Descending) sequence		1
24	Perfect [1] fourth [1] (Fourth must be correct to get the mark for perfect)		2
25(a)	D minor		1
25(b)	Relative minor		1
26	Sonata		1
27(a)	Baroque		1
27(b)	Use of harpsichord / continuo [1]. Contrapuntal / imitative texture [1]. Ornamentation / trills [1]. Sequences [1]. Terraced dynamics [1].		3
27(c)	Handel		1
28	It is now in the tonic / not the dominant		1
29	(Orchestral / final) ritornello		1

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Question	Answer	Marks		
30				
	One mark per note			
31(a)	Tonic / C major second inversion / Ic			
31(b)	There is a cadenza [1] The orchestra stops / only the soloist plays [1] an improvised [1] solo based on some of the main themes [1] and including virtuosic display [1].			
32(a)	Solo_exposition	1		
32(b)	There is an added piano (dominant) trill [1] The piano plays the answering phrase [1] There is added decoration in the answering phrase [1] The piano plays semiquavers under the wind fanfare [1]			
33(a)	To modulate (to the dominant / G major)	1		
33(b)	Transition / bridge (passage)	1		
34(a)	G minor	1		
34(b)	Dominant minor (Accept dominant if 34a is correct).	1		
35	1785	1		
36	It is all tonic harmony / E major chord / does not change chord	1		
37	Below the voice / quietly	1		
38(a)	A storm	1		
38(b)	Fast tempo / quick notes / semi-quavers [1]. Chromaticism [1]. Staccato crotchets in the wind (represent raindrops) [1]. Partial ascending and descending scales [1]			
39	It combines the ideas which were previously used separately (accept any examples) [1]. The wind crotchets are now on the off beats [1] and are in every bar [1] Continuous string semi-quavers [1].			
40	There is a crescendo / more instruments are added / building towards the tutti [1]. There is a dominant pedal [1]			
41(a)	There is a trumpet fanfare [1] on an E major broken chord [1] which is imitated by the horns [1] and joined by the timpani on a dominant pedal [1].			
41(b)	It represents the troops assembling			
42	One mark per note			

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Question	Answer			Marks
43	Bars	Section	Key	3
	1–17	Introduction	E major	
	18–34	Α	E major	
	35–50	В	C# minor	
	51–58	Link		
	59–74	А	E major	
	Completely composition of the Correct bar in Correct section Correct keys Allow flexibility	et [2] elements [1] umbers [1] ons [1]		

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